#### GEOLOGY AND ECOSYSTEMS

Edited by Igor S. Zektser



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International Union of Geological Sciences (IUGS) Commission on Geological Sciences for Environmental Planning (COGEOENVIRONMENT) Commission on Geosciences for Environmental Management (GEM)

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#### Contents

Contributing Authors	ix
Foreword	xviii
Acknowledgments	xvii
About the Editors	xix

# Part I: Geological Environment as a Basement for the Formation of Ecosystems

1.	CONTEMPORARY CONCEPTIONS OF THE GEOLOGICAL
	ENVIRONMENT: BASIC FEATURES, STRUCTURE AND SYSTEM OF
	LINKS
	G. VARTANYAN 1
2.	THE GEOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT AND ECOSYSTEMS
	G. VARTANYAN 9
3.	INFLUENCE OF MODERN GEOLOGICAL PROCESSES ON THE
	EVOLUTION OF ECOSYSTEMS
	G. VARTANYAN 15
4.	GEOLOGICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL INFLUENCES ON ESTUARINE
	ECOSYSTEMS
	W. LANGSTON & J. RIDGWAY 21

	5.	THE ROLE OF TECTONIC PROCESSES IN THE INTERAC BETWEEN GEOLOGY AND ECOSYSTEMS	TION
		R. SCHLEMON & R.E. RIEFNER	49
	6.	KARST AND ECOSYSTEMS J. Taminskas, R. Paskauskas, A. Zvikas, J. Satkunas	61
Part II	: Er	wironmental Impacts of the Extractive Industries	
	7.	GEOENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS OF MINERAL RESOU DEVELOPMENT	RCES
		A.KRIVTSOV	77
	8.	GROUNDWATER AS A COMPONENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT	01
		I.S. ZEKTSER	91
	9.	GROUNDWATER USE AND PUBLIC HEALTH	
		L. Elpiner & A. Shapovalov	107
	10.	METHODS OF GROUNDWATER POLLUTION RISK ESTIMATION	I FOR
		A.BELOUSOVA	113
Part II	I· A	nthronogenic Development Geology and Ecosystems	
1 41 ( 11	11.	URBANISATION AND THE GEOENVIRONMENT	
		B. MARKER	123
	12.	ASSESSMENT OF EFFECTS OF DISCHARGED WATERS	UPON
		ZH.V.KUZ'MINA, S.Y.TRESHKIN	149
	13.	IMPACT OF TECHNOGENIC DISASTERS ON ECOGEOLOG	JICAL
		PROCESSES L. ROGACHEVSKAYA	161
	14.	EXOGENIC GEOLOGICAL PROCESSES AS A LANDFORM SHA	PING
		FACTOR	1-1
		M. GRANICZNY	1/1
	15.	ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS OF GROUNDWATER POLLUTION	102
		K. UZHAMALUV	103

vi

Part	IV:	Medical	Problems	Related	to	Geology	and	Eco	osystem
Inter	action	1							
	16.	HUMAN H O. Selinu	IEALTH AND 15, R. Finkel	ecosyst L <i>man</i> , J. C	EMS Sente	ENO	197		
	17.	MEDICAL FACTOR	AND ECO	LOGICAL	SIGN	VIFICANCE	OF	THE	WATER
		L. Elpine	<sup>C</sup> R						219
Part	V: Pr	ediction of	f the Geoen	vironmer	ital H	Evolution	of Eco	osyst	ems
	18.	A. SHEKO	& A. KRUP	ENIC GEO PODEROV	LUGI	CAL PROC	ESSES		229
	19.	PREDICTI G. VARTA	ON OF ENDO <i>NYAN</i>	GENIC GE	OLOC	GICAL PRO	CESSE	S	247
	20.	MATHEM	ATICAL MO	DELS OF	THE I		ION BI	ETWE	EN THE
		Q. HE	CAL AND EC	OLOGICAL		IKONMEN	1		251
	21.	THE INF	LUENCE OF EM INTERAC	CLIMAT TION	E CH	IANGE O	N GEO	OLOG	Y AND
		J. SATKUN	VAS , J. TAMIN	ISKAS, N.	Ober	RMAN			265
Part	VI: N	ewest Eco	geological l	Processes	Witl	nin River	Basin	S	
	22.	ECOSYST: INTERIOR	EM MONITO SEA-LAKES	ORING UN	NDER FAS	DESERTI	FICAT	ION	WITHIN
		N. M. NO	VIKOVA, O. A	A. ALDYAK	OVA				281
	23.	ECOSYST	EMS FORMIN	G ON THE	FRE	SH RIVER I	DEPOS	ITION	205
		I. BALYUI	K, J.H. VAN L	DEN BERG					295
Part	VII: N	Main Dire	ctions for E	cogeologi	cal S	tudies			
	24.	ECOGEOL	OGICAL MA	PPING					
		G. VARTA	NYAN						303
	25.	MONITOR	RING GEOLO	GICAL PR	OCES	SSES AS F	PART (	OF G	ENERAL
		M CDAN	WENTAL MU						300
		M. ORAM	CZIVI						509

.

26. GEOLOGY AND HIGH-LEVEL NUCLEAR WASTE DISPOSAL BRIEF OVERVIEW	2 – A
A.G. MILNES	323
27. MONITORING ENDOGENIC GEOLOGICAL PROCESSES G. VARTANYAN	335
28. PERMAFROST MONITORING N. OBERMAN	341
29. ECOLOGICAL EDUCATION OF GEOLOGY STUDENTS V.T. TROFIMOV & V. SHVETS	335
REFERENCES	363

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#### Foreword

This book was prepared for publication by an International Working Group of experts under the auspices of COGEOENVIRONMENT - the Commission of the International Union of Geological Sciences (IUGS) on Geological Sciences for Environmental Planning and IUGS-GEM (Commission on Geosciences for Environmental Management).

The main aim of the Working Group "Geology and Ecosystems" was to develop an interdisciplinary approach to the study of the mechanisms and special features within the "living tissue - inert nature" system under different regional, geological, and anthropogenic conditions. This activity requires international contributions from many scientific fields. It requires efforts from scientists specializing in fields such as: environmental impacts of extractive industries, anthropogenic development and medical problems related to geology and ecosystem interaction, the prediction of the geoenvironmental evolution of ecosystems, etc.

The Working Group determined the goal and objectives of the book, developed the main content, discussed the parts and chapters, and formed the team of authors and the Editorial Board. The Meetings of the Working Group (Vilnius, Lithuania, 2002 and Warsaw-Kielniki, Poland, 2003) were dedicated to discussion and approval of the main content of all chapters in the Book.

Rational and sustainable development of society requires an evergrowing exploitation of natural resources, among which mineral and water resources play a dominant role. During recent decades, in many regions of the world, we have observed a high rate of human invasion into our geological structure, mainly through extraction of minerals, hydrocarbons, groundwater, etc. These impacts, together with day-to-day human activity, cause destruction to the Earth's surface and near-surface environment and upset the balance of sustainable development. In turn, due to increasing anthropogenic impact, the geological components, which serve as the basic substrate and foundation for all ecosystems, is changed from its natural original state and the relationship between the "living tissue and inert nature" (i.e. relationship between the biosphere and the geosphere) is significantly affected.

The book is devoted to a poorly developed, barely broached, problem related to different aspects of the relationship between biological communities of the Earth and objects of inorganic nature or the geological environment. In this respect, the experience of many geological schools of the world gives a quite new understanding of the real scales and the inherent link between independent components of our planet, such as lithosphere, vegetation and animal worlds and, at last, human society itself.

At the present, in spite of the abundance of publications devoted to environmental problems, our knowledge of the mechanisms and magnitude of natural interactions between living tissue (the biosphere) and inert geological materials (the geosphere) is still lacking. Available information on the influence of different geological phenomena on human society is often only schematic and requires more scientific substantiation. For example, it would be enough to mention poorly grounded opinions, currently available in the ecological-geological literature, on the inferred minimal harmful impacts of the injection of highly toxic and radioactive liquid wastes into geological structures (with unclear environmental consequences). Special attention is given to the subtle mechanisms that govern the influence of the atmosphere's composition on the evolution of ecosystems, and on permafrost development and degradation in relation to biological communities etc. These problems are the subject of much controversy in scientific communities and the general public.

This book includes an analysis of the relationship between the different geological, hydrochemical, hydrogeological, and engineering-geological processes and the processes within surface ecosystems. The analysis of specific interactions between the lithosphere and biosphere provides an integrated concept of the role of the geological environment in the evolution of the biosphere. The practical significance of the book is reflected by the analysis of modern engineering activity associated with the mining of minerals, excessive groundwater withdrawal, disposal of industrial and domestic liquid wastes (including radioactive wastes) and their impacts on all components of the environment.

The book includes a scientific approach to the complex monitoring of the environment under different natural and anthropogenic conditions, including the monitoring of permafrost regions. An important part of the book is the analysis of the "water factor" impact on ecosystems and sustainable development. In many regions, depletion of water resources and the impact of water quality on human health must also be taken into account. Influences of intensive groundwater extraction on river flow, vegetation and land subsidence are also considered in the book.

The unique outlook of our book is based upon a multi-aspect discussion of the most significant geoenvironmental factors that book exert an influence upon habitat conditions and stimulate or, on the contrary, hold back, human development. A great number of examples from different countries are given, illustrating a close link between the geological environment and the biota on our vulnerable Planet.

The group of authors includes a wide range of specialists: geologists with different specializations, ecologists, geographers, and specialists of neighboring sciences studying the interaction between different components of the environment. The complete list of authors and co-authors includes 34 authoritative and highly-qualified specialists from 11 countries. All chapters in the book were edited by the members of Editorial Board.

I feel compelled to emphasize the great goodwill and attention extended to each other among the authors and editors who promoted the successful completion of the book.

In this book, complicated and multi-aspect material is presented in a systematic and acceptable form, and can be a useful building block for the formation (or strengthening) of a fundamental nature conservation concept, which would serve as an impetus for sound and rational use of natural resources of the Earth.

The book covers a broad audience of readers. It is also intended as a professional update for environmental scientists, analysts, environmental health care professionals, geologists, ecologists, hydrologists, and other professionals with an interest in the Earth's environments and with environmental protection.